Name:	Date:
Class:	Block #:

## WWII: Beginning to Pearl Harbor EQ: What caused the attack on Pearl Harbor?

Germany Sparks a New War in Europe	
• In, Hitler decides to take over Polan	
	or an agreement between nations to not attack
each other with Joseph Stalin in	
• In, Germany used planes, ta or "lightning war"	anks, and troops via the technique called
• The Soviet Union also joined Hitler in attacking Pulse Check:	
1. What is a non-aggression pact in your own words?	2. Draw blitzkrieg.
3. Who is allied with Germany?	4. What countries did Hitler conquer?
The Fall of France; Battle of Britain  In to June of, Hitler in Netherlands, Luxembourg, and France.  The leader of France's army,	nvaded and conquered Denmark, Norway, Belgium, the escaped to Britain.
	for months.
	nder of Great Britain and the people were not defeated
and Hitler called off the attacks in	
D 1 Cl 1	_
5. Who is Winston Churchill?	6. Why did Germany fail to win the Battle of Britain?
The United States aids its Allies  In, Hitler decide  The made it deep into Soviet  President wanted to help the	• •
Pulse Check:	
7. What did Hitler break when he invaded USSR?	
Japan's specific empire and the U.S.  • Japan retaliated with	on in Hawaii.

Franklin D. Roosevelt's Address to Congress Requesting a Declaration of War with Japan: December 8, 1941

- 1) Mr. Vice President, and Mr. Speaker, and Members of the Senate and House of Representatives:
- 2) Yesterday, December 7, 1941 -- a date which will live in infamy -- the United States of America was suddenly and deliberately attacked by naval and air forces of the Empire of Japan.
- 3) The United States was at peace with that Nation and, at the solicitation of Japan, was still in conversation with its Government and its Emperor looking toward the maintenance of peace in the Pacific. Indeed, one hour after Japanese air squadrons had commenced bombing in the American Island of Oahu, the Japanese Ambassador to the United States and his colleague delivered to our Secretary of State a formal reply to a recent American message. And while this reply stated that it seemed useless to continue the existing diplomatic negotiations, it contained no threat or hint of war or of armed attack.
- 4) 4) It will be recorded that the distance of Hawaii from Japan makes it obvious that the attack was deliberately planned many days or even weeks ago. During the intervening time the Japanese Government has deliberately sought to deceive the United States by false statements and expressions of hope for continued peace.
- 5) The attack yesterday on the Hawaiian Islands has caused severe damage to American naval and military forces. I regret to tell you that very many American lives have been lost. In addition American ships have been reported torpedoed on the high seas between San Francisco and Honolulu.
- 6) Yesterday the Japanese Government also launched an attack against Malaya. Last night Japanese forces attacked Hong Kong. Last night Japanese forces attacked Guam. Last night Japanese forces attacked the Philippine Islands. Last night the Japanese attacked Wake Island. And this morning the Japanese attacked Midway Island.
- 7) Japan has, therefore, undertaken a surprise offensive extending throughout the Pacific area. The facts of yesterday and today speak for themselves. The people of the United States have already formed their opinions and well understand the implications to the very life and safety of our Nation.
- 8) As Commander in Chief of the Army and Navy I have directed that all measures be taken for our defense.
- 9) But always will our whole Nation remember the character of the onslaught against us.
- 10) No matter how long it may take us to overcome this premeditated invasion, the American people in their righteous might will win through to absolute victory. I believe that I interpret the will of the Congress and of the people when I assert that we will not only defend ourselves to the uttermost but will make it very certain that this form of treachery shall never again endanger us.
- 11) Hostilities exist. There is no blinking at the fact that our people, our territory, and our interests are in grave danger.
- 12) With confidence in our armed forces- with the unbounding determination of our people- we will gain the inevitable triumph- so help us God.
- 13) I ask that the Congress declare that since the unprovoked and dastardly attack by Japan on Sunday, December 7, 1941, a state of war has existed between the United States and the Japanese Empire.

Japanese Emperor Hirohito Declares War on the United States and Britain: Dec. 08, 1941

- 1) We, by the grace of Heaven, Emperor of Japan, and seated on the throne of a line unbroken for ages eternal, enjoin upon thee, our loyal and brave subjects. We hereby declare war upon the United States of America and the British Empire.
- 2) The men and officers of our army and navy shall do their utmost in prosecuting the war. Our public servants of various departments will perform faithfully and diligently their appointed tasks and all other subjects of ours shall pursue their respective duties.
- 3) The entire nation with united will shall mobilize their united strength so that nothing will miscarry in the attainment of our royal aims.
- 4) To insure the solidity of these ages and contribute to world peace is the far-sighted policy which was formulated by our great, illustrious, imperial grandsire and our great imperial sire's experience, and which we lay constantly to heart; to cultivate friendship among nations and to enjoy prosperity in common with all nations has always been the guiding principle of our empire's foreign policy.
- 5) It has been unavoidable and far from our wishes that our empire has been brought to cross swords with America and Britain.
- 6) More than four years have passed since China, failing to comprehend the true intentions of our empire, and recklessly causing trouble, disturbed the peace of East Asia and compelled our empire to take up arms.
- 7) Although there has been re-established the National government of China, with which Japan has effected neighborly intercourse and co-operation, the regime which has survived at Chungking, relying upon American and British protection still continues its opposition.
- 8) Eager for the realization of their inordinate ambitions to dominate the Orient, both America and Britain, supporting the Chungking regime, have aggravated disturbances in East Asia. Moreover, these two powers, inducing other countries to follow suit, increased military preparations on all sides of our empire to challenge us. They have obstructed by every means our peaceful commerce and finally resorted to direct severance of economic relations, menacing gravely the existence of our empire.
- 9) Patiently have we waited and long have we endured in the hope that our government might retrieve the situation in peace.
- 10) But our adversaries, showing not the least spirit of conciliation, have unduly delayed a settlement, and in the meantime they have intensified the economic and political pressure to compel thereby our empire to submission.
- 11) This turn of affairs would, if left unchecked, not only nullify our empire's efforts of many years for the sake of the stabilization of East Asia, but also endanger the very existence of our nation.

- 12) The situation being such as it is our empire, for its existence and self-defense, has no other recourse but to appeal to arms and to crush every obstacle in its path.
- 13) The hallowed spirits of our imperial ancestors guard us from above and we rely upon the loyalty and courage of our subjects in our confident expectation that the task bequeathed by our forefathers will be carried forward and that the source of the evil will be speedily eradicated and an enduring peace immutably established in East Asia, preserving thereby the glory of our empire.

## Speech Contrast

Key Point	Roosevelt's perspective	Hirohito's Perspective
Who is the aggressor?		
Cause of declaration of war		

Essential Question:

What caused Pearl Harbor?